

## APPENDIX D – EXAMPLE EVALUATION SET UP AND MATRICES

Each candidate must lead in three rounds. To ensure this, a sample matrix has been created on the following page.

The number of candidates determines the numbers of rotations (each block represents a rotation). If there are 6 Candidates, 6 rotations are required. In this case there were 12 candidates, therefore, 12 rotations are required. The rotations are grouped into stations. To meet time requirements each station has 3 Rotations, 9:00, 9:25, and 9:45 for the Warm Up round.

Scenarios are assigned to each station and that station uses the same scenario for all of the rotations for the round. In this evaluation, Station 1 uses Scenario 1 throughout the warm up, Station 2 uses Scenario 2, etc.

Teams are identified as Team 1, Team 2, and Team 3. The individuals assigned to that team are identified as A, B or C. Team 1 consists of 1A, 1B, and 1C. The letters list the order in which that team member will lead.

The teams are assigned to stations so that each member will lead through the rotation. Note that Team 1, Member A, will start at Station 4. When the team rotates to the next station, Station 1 in this case, the Team 1 leader will shift to Member B, the next station, Station 2, Team 1 will shift leaders to Member C. [Note that in this case there were only 11 candidates taking the evaluation. To even the teams, a fill in was recruited. The fill in will have previously passed the OEC–MSP and should be considered a suitable fill in.]

Each rotation is managed in the same manner. There are breaks between the rotations to allow for set up of scenarios and repositioning the candidates at the station locations.

The STC determines starting position for the teams and determines the team members. The STC also determines the T/Es for each station and for each team.

The Hill Coordinator and the Moulage Patroller use the following matrices. The matrices summarize the plans for each round. The scenario numbers shown in the above matrix refers to the scenarios listed in the following matrices. There is a matrix planned for each round.

## APPENDIX D - EVALUATION SET UP (continued)

T/E	Station	Scenario	Warm Up			Scenario	Final 1st			Scenario	Final 2nd		
			9:00	9:25	9:45		10:15	10:45	11:15		12:30	1:00	1:30
T/E 1&2	1	1	4A	1B	2C	5	3A	4B	1C	9	2A	3B	4C
T/E 3&4	2	2	3A	4B	1C	6	2A	3B	4C	10	1A	2B	3C
T/E 5&6	3	3	2A	3B	4C	7	1A	2B	3C	11	4A	1B	2C
T/E 7&8	4	4	1A	2B	3C	8	4A	1B	2C	12	3A	4B	1C
Team													
1A	Cand 1					STC							
1B	Cand 2												
1C	Cand 3					Division							
ATE	Adv. 1					Liaison							
2A	Cand 4					Extra T/E							
2B	Cand 5												
2C	Cand 6					Hill							
ATE	Adv. 2					Coord.							
3A	Cand 7					Moulage							
3B	Cand 8					Patroller							
3C	Cand 9												
ATE	Adv. 3					Patients							
4A	Cand 10												
4B	Cand 11												
4C	Cand 12												
ATE	Adv. 4												

The Hill Coordinator and the Moulage Patroller use the following sample matrices. The matrices summarize the plans for each round. The scenario numbers shown in the above matrix refers to the scenarios listed in the following matrices. There is a matrix planned for each round.

WARMUP-9:00					
Station	Scenario	Victims	#	Location	Moulage
1	1	1	25-2	Snow Gun Station	1. Pink Clear Fluid from Nose. 2. Helmet with Dent in Front 3. Smashed Goggles 4. Bruising around eyes.
2	2	2	5-14	Most Difficult slope	None
3	3	1	6-09	Most Difficult Slope	Medical Alet Tag, Diabities.
4	4	1	5-13	Most Difficult Slope	1. Open Wound 2. Zip Up Ski Pants 3. Bump By Humerous

## Final 1st Round-10:15

Station	Scenario	Victims	#	Location	Moulage
1	5	2	5-05	Bottom of hill	1. Laceration Extending 2" across Forehead 2. Impaled Ski Pole
2	6	2	05-10	More Difficult Slope	1. Lower Arm Fracture 2. Dislocated Shoulder
3	7	2	5-14	Bottom of hill near snow gun	None
4	8	2	6-19	More Difficult Slope	None

## Final 2nd Round-12:30

Station	Scenario	Victims	#	Location	Moulage
1	9	1	5-02	Any slope by snowmaking equipment	Swelling and deformities, mid shaft humerus.
2	10	1	6-02	Near snow gun pole	Angulated fracture, external rotated, for the main complaint leg.
3	11	1	6-04	Near Snow gun pole	Discoloration for the abdomen, and discoloration and swelling for the shoulder. Abdominal rigidity can be represented by having the patient tense stomach muscles during the exams, or by moulage.
4	12	1	5-06	Man Made Jump	None.